

§ 2.5

Note Title

10/23/2005

4 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 4 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ $\bar{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3/2 & -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 4 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \underline{x} = \bar{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

L $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\bar{y}}$

$$\bar{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \\ -18 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

#26

$$A = P D P^{-1} \quad D \text{ diagonal}$$

$$A^2 = P D^2 P^{-1} ; \quad A^k = P D^k P^{-1}$$

§ 3.1

19 p 191

37 p 200

#19

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} c & d \\ a & b \end{bmatrix}$$

row permutation \Rightarrow

determinant changes sign.

$$\# 37 \quad AB = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 \\ 17 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det A = 3$$

$$\det B = 8$$

$$\det AB = 24 = \det A \cdot \det B$$

§ 4.1 # 5, 12

5 $p(t) = at^2$ is the span of the function
(vector!) $\{t^2\}$; hence this is a subspace
of \mathbb{P}_2 .

$$\#12 \quad W = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} s+3t \\ s-t \\ 2s-t \\ 4t \end{bmatrix} ; s, t \text{ real} \right\}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} s+3t \\ s-t \\ 2s-t \\ 4t \end{bmatrix} = s \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \equiv s\bar{u} + t\bar{v}$$

So $W = \text{span}\{\bar{u}, \bar{v}\}$, & hence is a subspace.