Section 12.1: 3D Coordinates

2D Coordinates

For points in the plane we have Cartesian coordinates (x, y) and polar coordinates (r, θ) . Two numbers are needed to address any point.

Question

How are locations on earth's surface typically represented?

In[1526]:= GeoPosition[Entity["City", {"Cincinnati", "Ohio", "UnitedStates"}]]

3D Coordinates

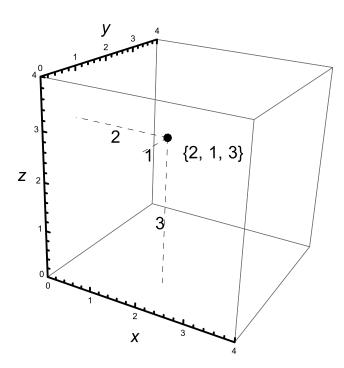
Question

What information is needed to locate the position of a flying plane?

Cartesian 3D coordinates

Start with the x-y plane. Add depth with the z-axis coming out from the plane at an angle of 90°. A point in space has coordinates (x, y, z) where

- z is the distance of the point from the x-y plane
- *y* is the distance of the point from the *x-z* plane
- *x* is the distance of the point from the *y-z* plane



Questions

- The equation z = 3 is the set of points (x, y, z) with z = 3. What is the shape of this set?
- The equation x = 2 is the set of points (x, y, z) with x = 2. What is the shape of this set?
- Give an equation for the plane that is parallel to the y-z plane and is 5 units from it in the positive x direction.
- Sketch the equation x + y = 3.
- The equation y > 1 is the set of points (x, y, z) with y > 1. What is the shape of this set?

Distance

Questions

We want to find the distance between (1, 2, 0) and (2, 1, 3).

- Draw a box with one corner at (1, 2, 0) and the diagonal corner at (2, 1, 3).
- What are the dimensions of this box?
- What is the distance between the two points?

Questions

■ Repeat the above to find a distance formula for the distance between points (x_0, y_0, z_0) and $(x_1, y_1, z_1).$

Questions

Consider the triangle whose vertices are (3, -2, -3), (7, 0, 1), and (1, 2, 1).

- Is it a right triangle?
- Is it an isosceles triangle?

Questions

Consider the set of points (x, y, z) that are a distance of 2 from the origin (0, 0, 0).

- What is an equation that x, y, z must satisfy for (x, y, z) to be in this set?
- What is this shape?
- Generalize this to find an equation for any of this shape.

Questions

- The equation $(x-2)^2 + y^2 + (z+3)^2 = 4$ represents a sphere.
 - What is its center?
 - What is its radius?
 - Describe its intersections with each of the coordinate planes.
- The equation $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2x 4y 10z = 0$ represents a sphere.
 - What is its center?
 - What is its radius?