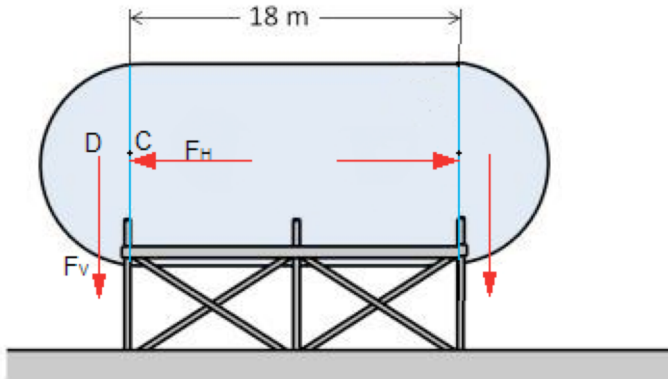


AC3.4.9



Andy Long, Spring 2024

Geometry and costs: using our givens and our equations:

```
In[399]:= Clear[l, r]
           volume[l_, r_] := (4/3) Pi r^3 + Pi r^2 l
           surfaceAreaTube[l_, r_] := 2 Pi r l (* circumference times length *)
           surfaceAreaEnds[r_] := 4 Pi r^2 (* surface area of a sphere *)
           cost[l_, r_] := 5 surfaceAreaEnds[r] + 2 surfaceAreaTube[r, l]
           cost[l, r]
```

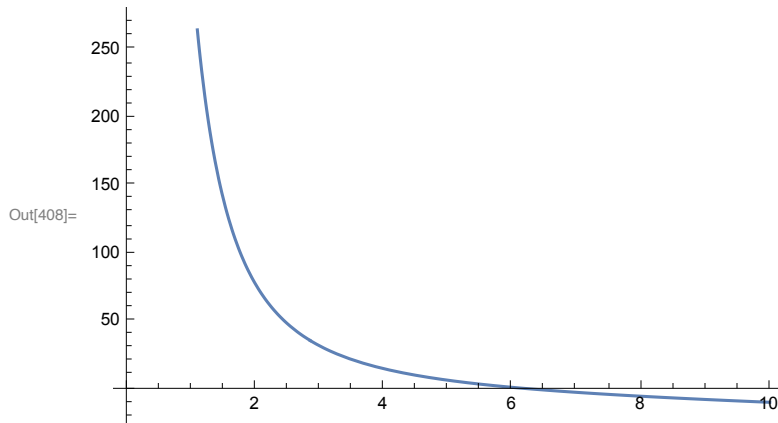
```
Out[404]= 4 l π r + 20 π r2
```

Let's reduce one variable, using the volume constraint:

```
In[405]:= Clear[l, r]
          soln = Solve[volume[l, r] == 1000, l]
          l[r_] = l /. soln[[1]][[1]]
          Plot[l[r], {r, 0, 10}]
          Simplify[cost[l[r], r]]
```

$$\text{Out[406]= } \left\{ \left\{ l \rightarrow -\frac{4(-750 + \pi r^3)}{3\pi r^2} \right\} \right\}$$

$$\text{Out[407]= } -\frac{4(-750 + \pi r^3)}{3\pi r^2}$$

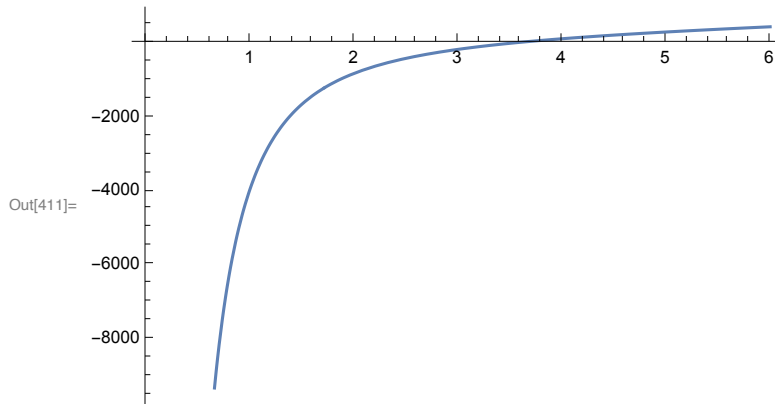


$$\text{Out[409]= } \frac{4000}{r} + \frac{44\pi r^2}{3}$$

Now we differentiate the cost function, and set it equal to 0 to find the critical numbers:

```
In[410]:= costPrime[r_] = Simplify[D[cost[l[r], r], r]]
Plot[costPrime[r], {r, 0, 6}, AxesOrigin -> {0, 0}]
(* As one can see this rational function changes signs only once,
and goes from negative to positive --
hence it's a minimum at the critical number. *)
solns = Solve[costPrime[r] == 0, r]
N[solns]
(* Only one of them is real: I computed this as *)
root = CubeRoot[1500.0 / (11 Pi)]
(* radius r, in feet *)
l[root]
(* length l, in feet *)
volume[l[root], root]
(* volume at the optimal radius, in feet-cubed -- just a check! *)
cost[l[root], root] (* in dollars *)
```

$$\text{Out[410]= } -\frac{4000}{r^2} + \frac{88\pi r}{3}$$



$$\text{Out[412]= } \left\{ \left\{ r \rightarrow -5 \times 2^{2/3} \left(-\frac{3}{11\pi} \right)^{1/3} \right\}, \left\{ r \rightarrow 5 (-2)^{2/3} \left(\frac{3}{11\pi} \right)^{1/3} \right\}, \left\{ r \rightarrow 5 \times 2^{2/3} \left(\frac{3}{11\pi} \right)^{1/3} \right\} \right\}$$

$$\text{Out[413]= } \left\{ \left\{ r \rightarrow -1.75719343242118 - 3.04354830367983 i \right\}, \left\{ r \rightarrow -1.75719343242118 + 3.04354830367983 i \right\}, \left\{ r \rightarrow 3.51438686484236 \right\} \right\}$$

$$\text{Out[414]= } 3.51438686484236$$

$$\text{Out[415]= } 21.0863211890541$$

$$\text{Out[416]= } 1000.$$

$$\text{Out[417]= } 1707.26793342632$$

Here's the picture of the cost function, and our optimal solution:

```
In[418]:= Show[  
  Plot[cost[l[r], r], {r, 0, 5}, AxesOrigin -> {0, 0}],  
  ListPlot[{{root, cost[l[root], root]}}, PlotStyle -> {PointSize -> Large}]  
]
```

